according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 7.10 09/30/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Organon & Co.

Address : 30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor

Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A 07302

Telephone : 1-551-430-6000 Emergency telephone : 1-215-631-6999

E-mail address : EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

Simple Asphyxiant

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging

fertility.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection

and face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 7.10 09/30/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Ethanol#	64-17-5	1.8
Mometasone	83919-23-7	>= 0.087 - <= 0.17
Formoterol	43229-80-7	>= 0.0009 - <= 0.0087

[#] Voluntarily-disclosed substance

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If swallowed

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertili-

delayed

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Gas reduces oxygen available for breathing.

Protection of first-aiders First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Treat symptomatically and supportively. Notes to physician

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Fluorine compounds
Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Ventilate the area.

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material

can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 75.391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides
Oxidizing agents
Flammable solids
Pyrophoric liquids
Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit

flammable gases

Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis	
Ethanol	64-17-5	STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH	
		TWA	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL	
		TWA	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m ³	OSHA Z-1	
Mometasone	83919-23-7	TWA	1 μg/m3 (OEB 4)	Internal	
	Further information: Skin				
		Wipe limit	10 μg/100 cm ²	Internal	
Formoterol	43229-80-7	TWA	0.05 µg/m3 (OEB 5)	Internal	

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 75391-00022 7.10 09/30/2023 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Wipe limit 0.5 µg/100 cm² Internal

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to

maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where

concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and

use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided

by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air

supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Skin and body protection

Skin should be washed after contact.

Hygiene measures If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance aerosol

Color white to off-white

Odor No data available

Odor Threshold No data available

pΗ No data available

Melting point/freezing point No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

2.3 °F / -16.5 °C

Flash point No data available

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 7.10 09/30/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Vapor pressure : 3,900 hPa (68 °F / 20 °C)

Relative vapor density : 5.9

Relative density : 5.9

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : None known. Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition : No ha

products

: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 124.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Mometasone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 3.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

LC50 (Mouse): > 3.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity (other routes of:

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 300 mg/kg

Application Route: Subcutaneous Symptoms: Breathing difficulties

Formoterol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,130 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 6,700 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 1.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of :

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 1,000 mg/kg

Application Route: Subcutaneous

LD50 (Mouse): 640 mg/kg

Application Route: Subcutaneous

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 7.10 09/30/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Components:

Ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Mometasone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Formoterol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation Remarks : slight irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Mometasone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Formoterol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 7.10 09/30/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Mometasone:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Routes of exposure : Dermal Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitization.

Result : negative

Remarks : The results of a test on guinea pigs showed this substance to

be a weak skin sensitizer.

Formoterol:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Routes of exposure : Dermal Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: equivocal

Mometasone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: positive

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 7.10 09/30/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Application Route: Oral Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: Rat

Cell type: Bone marrow

Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay

Species: Rat Cell type: Liver cells Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Formoterol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Mometasone:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 2 Years

Dose : 0.067 mg/kg body weight

Result : negative

Species : Mouse Application Route : Inhalation

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 75391-00022 7.10 09/30/2023 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Exposure time 19 Months

0.160 mg/kg body weight Dose

Result negative

Formoterol:

Species Rat Application Route Oral Exposure time : 2 Years

LOAEL : 0.5 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs : Ovary

Remarks The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Species Mouse **Application Route** Oral Exposure time

18 month(s)

LOAEL 2 mg/kg body weight

Target Organs Adrenal gland, Liver, Uterus (including cervix)

Remarks The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Components:

Ethanol:

ment

Effects on fertility Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Mometasone:

Effects on fertility Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat

Application Route: Subcutaneous

Fertility: NOAEL: 0.015 mg/kg body weight

Symptoms: Reduced embryonic survival, Reduced fetal

weight.

Result: No effects on fertility., Effect on reproduction capacity.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Subcutaneous

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0.06 mg/kg body weight

Result: Embryotoxic effects., Teratogenicity and

developmental toxicity

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Dermal

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg body weight

Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Dermal

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0.15 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity., Malformations were observed.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Subcutaneous

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0.15 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on newborn.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0.7 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity., Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

Formoterol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.2 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity., No malformations were

observed.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight

Result: Malformations were observed.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1.2 mg/kg body weight

Result: No embryo-fetal toxicity.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 60 mg/kg body weight Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity., No malformations were

observed.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Components:

Mometasone:

Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Formoterol:

Routes of exposure : Ingestion, inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Target Organs : Cardio-vascular system, Central nervous system

Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Mometasone:

Routes of exposure : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Target Organs : Immune system, Liver, Kidney, Skin

Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Formoterol:

Routes of exposure : Ingestion, inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Target Organs : Heart

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 7.10 09/30/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Ethanol:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 1,280 mg/kg LOAEL : 3,156 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

Mometasone:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0.005 mg/kg
LOAEL : 0.3 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 30 d

Target Organs : Lymph nodes, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus gland

Species : Dog
LOAEL : 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 30 d

Target Organs : Lymph nodes, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus gland

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0.00013 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 90 d

Target Organs : Adrenal gland, Lungs, Lymph nodes, spleen, Bone marrow,

Kidney, Liver, thymus gland

Species : Dog

NOAEL : 0.0005 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 90 d

Target Organs : Adrenal gland, Lungs, Lymph nodes, spleen, Bone marrow,

Kidney, thymus gland, Liver

Formoterol:

Species : Dog

LOAEL : >= 1.5 mg/kg
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Heart

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 0.14 mg/kg
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Heart

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 7.10 09/30/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Species : Dog

LOAEL : 0.003 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 1 y Target Organs : Heart

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 0.3 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 1 y
Target Organs : Heart

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Mometasone:

Not applicable

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Mometasone:

Inhalation : Symptoms: allergic rhinitis, Headache, pharyngitis, upper res-

piratory tract infection, sinusitis, oral candidiasis, Back pain, musculoskeletal pain, immune system effects, indigestion

Skin contact : Symptoms: Dermatitis, Itching

Formoterol:

Inhalation : Target Organs: Heart

Symptoms: Palpitation, Tremors, Dizziness, Headache, dry

mouth, Nausea, Fatigue

Further information

Components:

Mometasone:

Remarks : Dermal absorption possible

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Ethanol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 7.10 09/30/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 9 d

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Mometasone:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)): 0.11 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 7 d

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

EC50 (Americamysis): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 3.2

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.00014

mg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.34 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 75.391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

NOEC: 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Formoterol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 120 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 114 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 94 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 30

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Ethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 84 % Exposure time: 20 d

Mometasone:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 50 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 50 %(12 d)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 7.10 09/30/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -0.35

Mometasone:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 107.1 Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 4.68

Formoterol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.41

Mobility in soil

Components:

Mometasone:

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: log Koc: 4.02

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Please ensure aerosol cans are sprayed completely empty

(including propellant)

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.2

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.2 Environmentally hazardous : no

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 7.10 09/30/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1950

Proper shipping name : Aerosols, non-flammable

Class : 2.2

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation
Labels : Non-flammable, non-toxic Gas

Packing instruction (cargo : 203

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 203

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1950 Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

(Mometasone)

Class : 2.2

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.2 EmS Code : F-D, S-U Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : Aerosols
Class : 2.2

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation Labels : NON-FLAMMABLE GAS

ERG Code : 126

Marine pollutant : yes(Mometasone)

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Reproductive toxicity

Simple Asphyxiant

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 75.391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane 431-89-0 Ethanol 64-17-5

California List of Hazardous Substances

Ethanol 64-17-5

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Ethanol 64-17-5

International Regulations

Montreal Protocol : 1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

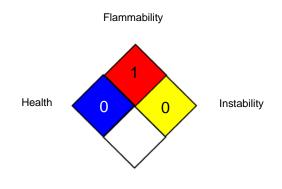
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Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

NFPA 704:



Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Version SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/04/2023 Revision Date: 75391-00022 Date of first issue: 03/16/2015 7.10 09/30/2023

of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship: RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity: SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature: SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act: SDS - Safety Data Sheet: TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to

compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date 09/30/2023

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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