

# **Enalapril / Hydrochlorothiazide Formulation**



 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 04.04.2023

 7.1
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 402594-00018
 Date of first issue: 07.01.2016

#### **SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Enalapril / Hydrochlorothiazide Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Organon & Co.

Address : Avenida 16 de Septiembre No. 301

Xaltocan - Xochimilco Mexico 16090

Telephone : +52 55 57284444 Emergency telephone : 1-215-631-6999

E-mail address : EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical Restrictions on use : Not applicable

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**GHS Classification** 

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 5

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

Category 1 (Kidney, Parathyroid gland, Cardio-vascular system)

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H303 May be harmful if swallowed.

H360D May damage the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Kidney, Parathyroid gland, Cardio-vascular system) through prolonged or repeated expo-

sure.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel







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unwell.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

#### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Hydrochlorothiazide	58-93-5	>= 10 -< 20
Starch	9005-25-8	>= 10 -< 20
(S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-	76095-16-4	>= 5 -< 10
alanyl]-L-proline maleate		

# **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

If in eyes, rinse well with water. In case of eye contact

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms

May be harmful if swallowed.

and effects, both acute and

Protection of first-aiders

May damage the unborn child.

delayed

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment





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when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing : None known.

media

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Chlorine compounds

Sulfur oxides Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

# **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding





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certain local or national requirements.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

#### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
		(Form of	ters / Permissible	



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		exposure)	concentration	
Hydrochlorothiazide	58-93-5	TWA	100 μg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal
Starch	9005-25-8	VLE-PPT	10 mg/m³	NOM-010- STPS-2014
		TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH
(S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline maleate	76095-16-4	TWA	50 μg/m3 (OEB 3)	Internal
		Wipe limit	500 μg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal

**Engineering measures** : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility

design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of

the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face

containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type

Hand protection

Particulates type

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets,

disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : powder

Color : No data available

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available



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Melting point/freezing point No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Not applicable Flash point

Not applicable Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas) May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

No data available Flammability (liquids)

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

No data available Vapor pressure

Relative vapor density Not applicable

Relative density No data available

Density No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature

No data available

Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic Not applicable

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size No data available

## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,





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tions handling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

## **Acute toxicity**

May be harmful if swallowed.

**Product:** 

Acute toxicity estimate: 4,231 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity

Method: Calculation method

#### **Components:**

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat): > 2,750 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 2,830 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of :

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 990 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 590 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous

Starch:

LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

(S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline maleate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,000 - 3,500 mg/kg

LDLo (Rat): 1,775 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 2,000 - 3,500 mg/kg

LDLo (Mouse): 1,000 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of :

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 850 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous



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LD50 (Mouse): 750 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Dog): > 100 mg/kg

LDLo (Dog): 200 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

#### Hydrochlorothiazide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

# (S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline maleate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

## Hydrochlorothiazide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild eye irritation

Starch:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

## (S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline maleate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Severe irritation

## Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

## Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

# **Components:**

#### Starch:

Test Type : Maximization Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig







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Result : negative

(S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline maleate:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: positive

Test Type: in vitro test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: Chinese hamster Cell type: Bone marrow

Result: negative

Test Type: in vivo assay

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Starch:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

(S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline maleate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells







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Result: negative

Test Type: Alkaline elution assay

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Result: negative

## Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrochlorothiazide:

Species : Mouse, female

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 2 Years Result : negative

Species : Mouse, male

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : equivocal

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 2 Years Result : negative

# (S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline maleate:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 106 weeks

NOAEL : 90 mg/kg body weight

Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 94 weeks

NOAEL : 90 - 180 mg/kg body weight

Result : negative

## Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.





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#### **Components:**

#### Hydrochlorothiazide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: oral (feed)

Fertility: NOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on fertility.

Test Type: Fertility

Species: Mouse, male and female Application Route: oral (feed)

Fertility: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3,000 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects.

#### (S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline maleate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Ingestion

Fertility: NOAEL: 90 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight

Result: No effects on fetal development.

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1,200 mg/kg body weight

Result: Fetotoxicity.

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight Result: Effects on postnatal development., Effects on

newborn., No teratogenic effects.

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Ingestion

General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight





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Result: Fetotoxicity., Maternal toxicity observed., No

teratogenic effects.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from

human epidemiological studies.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Kidney, Parathyroid gland, Cardio-vascular system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:** 

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Target Organs : Kidney, Parathyroid gland

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

(S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline maleate:

Target Organs : Kidney, Cardio-vascular system

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Species : Rat, male and female

LOAEL : 10 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 y

Target Organs : Kidney, Parathyroid gland

Species : Mouse, male and female

NOAEL : 300 - 550 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 2 y

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog

50 - 200 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 9 Months

Target Organs : Parathyroid gland

Starch:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 28 Days



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Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

#### (S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline maleate:

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 15 mg/kg
LOAEL : 30 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 1 y
Target Organs : Kidney

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 90 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 1 y

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Monkey
NOAEL : 30 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 1 Months

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

## **Components:**

#### Hydrochlorothiazide:

No aspiration toxicity classification

#### **Experience with human exposure**

## **Components:**

## Hydrochlorothiazide:

Eye contact : Symptoms: Eye irritation

Ingestion : Symptoms: Dizziness, Headache, Fatigue, Nausea, Ab-

dominal pain, hypotension, dry mouth, electrolyte imbalance,

eye pain

#### (S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline maleate:

Ingestion : Target Organs: Cardio-vascular system

Symptoms: hypotension, Cough, Dizziness, Headache, Blurred vision, Fatigue, Edema, Nausea, hyperkalemia, faint-

ing, Weakness, skin rash

Remarks: May cause harm to the unborn child.

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# **Ecotoxicity**

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrochlorothiazide:



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Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

(S)-1-[N-[1-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-L-alanyl]-L-proline maleate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 346 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Natural microorganism): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 46.2 %(96 h)

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS** 

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

**SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION** 

International Regulations

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IATA-DGR** 





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Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IMDG-Code** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation** 

NOM-002-SCT

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors, essential chemical products and machinery for

: Not applicable

producing capsules, tablets and pills.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision Date : 30.09.2023 Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

NOM-010-STPS-2014 : Mexico. Norm NOM-010-STPS-2014 on Chemicals Polluting

the Work Environment - Identification, Assessment and Con-

trol - Appendix 1 Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE- : Time weighted average limit value

PPT

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA



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- International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

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