

## Carbidopa / Levodopa Formulation

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Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 30.09.2023 50109-00022 Date of first issue: 23.01.2015 6.1

#### **SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : Carbidopa / Levodopa Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

: Organon & Co. Company

Address Rua Treze de Maio, 1161

Campinas, São Paulo, Brazil 13106-054

Telephone +55 (19) 3758-2000

Emergency telephone : +55 (11) 3173-4931

E-mail address EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Pharmaceutical Restrictions on use Not applicable

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

GHS Classification in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Acute toxicity (Oral) Category 4

Reproductive toxicity Category 2

repeated exposure (Oral)

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 1 (Central nervous system)

Short-term (acute) aquatic

hazard

Category 3

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

hazard

Category 3

GHS label elements in accordance with ABNT NBR 14725 Standard

Hazard pictograms



Signal Word Danger

**Hazard Statements** H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.



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H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification Concentration (% w/w)	
Levodopa	59-92-7	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) (Central nervous system), Category 1 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 3 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 3	>= 70 -< 90
Carbidopa	38821-49-7	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 3 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 3	>= 10 -< 20
Cellulose	9004-34-6		>= 1 -< 5
Starch	9005-25-8		>= 1 -< 5
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0		>= 1 -< 5

# Public

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**SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES** 

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

Protection of first-aiders

delayed

Harmful if swallowed.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if swallowed.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

**SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES** 

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

30.

Evacuate area.



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Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation Advice on safe handling Use only with adequate ventilation.

Do not breathe dust.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.



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When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

#### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

				1
Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
		(Form of	ters / Permissible	
		exposure)	concentration	
Levodopa	59-92-7	TWA	500 μg/m3 (OEB	Internal
•			2)	
Carbidopa	38821-49-7	TWA	2,000 µg/m3	Internal
·			(OEB 1)	
Cellulose	9004-34-6	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH
Starch	9005-25-8	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH
Magnesium stearate	557-04-0	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH
_		(Inhalable		
		particulate		
		matter)		
		TWA	3 mg/m³	ACGIH
		(Respirable		
		particulate		
		matter)		

**Engineering measures** : Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to

compound.

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

Particulates type



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If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : powder

Color : No data available

Odor : odorless

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

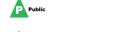
Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available



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Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation. Oxidizing agents

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Information on likely routes of:

exposure

: Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion

Eye contact

**Acute toxicity** 

Harmful if swallowed.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1.952 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

**Components:** 

Levodopa:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1.780 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): 2.363 mg/kg

Carbidopa:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4.810 mg/kg



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LD50 (Mouse): 1.750 mg/kg

Cellulose:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5,8 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Starch:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Magnesium stearate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

Carbidopa:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Magnesium stearate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

Carbidopa:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild eye irritation

Starch:

Species : Rabbit



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Result : No eye irritation

Magnesium stearate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Levodopa:

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Carbidopa:

Remarks : No data available

Starch:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Magnesium stearate:

Test Type : Maximization Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Levodopa:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Result: equivocal

Test Type: Micronucleus test



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Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: positive

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Result: positive

Carbidopa:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: positive

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Result: negative

Cellulose:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Starch:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Magnesium stearate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

## Levodopa:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

## Carbidopa:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 96 weeks

: 135 mg/kg body weight

Result : negative

#### Cellulose:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 72 weeks
Result : negative

### Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

#### **Components:**

#### Levodopa:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Oral** 

Fertility: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight

Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 125 mg/kg body weight Symptoms: Skeletal malformations., Visceral malformations.

Result: positive

Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

**Application Route: Oral** 

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight

Test Type: Development

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight

Symptoms: Effects on fetal development.



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Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Carbidopa:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Fertility: NOAEL: 120 mg/kg body weight

Symptoms: Reduced body weight

Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 120 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 120 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects.

Cellulose:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Magnesium stearate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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#### STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

## STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

#### **Components:**

#### Levodopa:

Routes of exposure : Oral

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Components:**

## Levodopa:

Species : Rat

LOAEL : 100 mg/kg Application Route : Oral

Exposure time : 106 Weeks

Target Organs : Central nervous system

Symptoms : Salivation

Species : Monkey
LOAEL : 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 22 Weeks

Target Organs : Central nervous system

#### Carbidopa:

Species : Rat
LOAEL : 25 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 96 Weeks

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Monkey
NOAEL : 135 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 1 y

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog
NOAEL : 5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 15 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 238 d

Symptoms : Diarrhea, Vomiting, Tremors

#### Cellulose:



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**Species** Rat

NOAEL >= 9.000 mg/kgApplication Route Ingestion Exposure time 90 Days

Starch:

**Species** Rat

**NOAEL** >= 2.000 mg/kgApplication Route Skin contact Exposure time 28 Days

Method OECD Test Guideline 410

Magnesium stearate:

**Species** Rat

NOAEL > 100 mg/kg Application Route Ingestion Exposure time 90 Days

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure** 

**Components:** 

Levodopa:

Ingestion Symptoms: Nausea, central nervous system effects, Drowsi-

ness

Carbidopa:

Ingestion Symptoms: involuntary movement

**SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Components:** 

Levodopa:

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 16 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

Carbidopa:

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 35,3 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Cellulose:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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Magnesium stearate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h Method: DIN 38412

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 47 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.2. Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

Cellulose:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Magnesium stearate:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Components:** 

Levodopa:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -2,39



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Magnesium stearate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: > 4

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### International Regulations

#### **UNRTDG**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **IATA-DGR**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **IMDG-Code**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **Domestic regulation**

#### **ANTT**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Special precautions for user

Not applicable

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National List of Carcinogenic Agents for Humans - : Not applicable

(LINACH)

Brazil. List of chemicals controlled by the Federal

Police

Not applicable

### The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:



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AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

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**Further information** 

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

ompile the Material Safety eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD

Data Sheet cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System



## Carbidopa / Levodopa Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04.04.2023 6.1 30.09.2023 50109-00022 Date of first issue: 23.01.2015

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