according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



## **Betamethasone Cream Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2023/09/30 2024/04/06 1841214-00017 Date of first issue: 2017/07/19 6.3

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Betamethasone Cream Formulation Product name

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Organon & Co.

Address 30 Hudson Street, 33nd floor

Jersey City, New Jersey, U.S.A 07302

Telephone +1-551-430-6000

Emergency telephone number: +1-215-631-6999

E-mail address EHSSTEWARD@organon.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Pharmaceutical Restrictions on use Not applicable

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Emergency Overview**

**Appearance** : cream

Colour No data available Odour : No data available

May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**GHS Classification** 

Reproductive toxicity Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 1

repeated exposure

Short-term (acute) aquatic

Category 3

hazard

Long-term (chronic) aquatic

Category 1

hazard

### **GHS** label elements

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H360D May damage the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P260 Do not breathe vapours.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection.

Response:

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Physical and chemical hazards

Not classified based on available information.

**Health hazards** 

May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Environmental hazards** 

Harmful to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	
Petrolatum	8009-03-8	>= 10 -< 20	
Paraffin oil	8012-95-1	>= 2.5 -< 10	
Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated	9004-95-9	>= 1 -< 2.5	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59-50-7	>= 0.1 -< 0.25	
betamethasone	378-44-9	>= 0.025 -< 0.1	

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty In case of skin contact

of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. In case of eye contact Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. If swallowed

Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and

delayed

May damage the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Protection of first-aiders First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

> and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray

> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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ods cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

so.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe vapours.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Avoidance of contact : Oxidizing agents

**Storage** 

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis		
Petrolatum	8009-03-8	TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH		
Paraffin oil	8012-95-1	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH		
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59-50-7	TWA	200 μg/m3 (OEB 2)	Internal		
		Wipe limit	100 μg/100 cm2	Internal		
betamethasone	378-44-9	TWA	1 μg/m3 (OEB 4)	Internal		
	Further inform	Further information: Skin				
		Wipe limit	10 μg/100 cm <sup>2</sup>	Internal		

**Engineering measures** : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility

design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to

protect products, workers, and the environment.

Essentially no open handling permitted.

Use closed processing systems or containment technologies. If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist,

handle over lined trays or benchtops.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-

ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Filter type Combined particulates and organic vapour type Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

Eye/face protection

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection Work uniform or laboratory coat.

> Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, dis-

posable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially

contaminated clothing.

Hand protection

Material Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks Consider double gloving.

Hygiene measures If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the work-

ing place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance cream

Colour No data available

Odour No data available

Odour Threshold No data available

pΗ 5

Melting point/freezing point No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling :

range

No data available

Flash point > 93.3 °C

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Flammability (liquids) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Not applicable

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac- : Vapours may form explosive

tions

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : None known. Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

**Acute toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

**Components:** 

Petrolatum:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Paraffin oil:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,500 mg/kg

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 600 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2.871 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

betamethasone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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LD50 (Mouse): > 4,500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

Petrolatum:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Paraffin oil:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Corrosive after 1 to 4 hours of exposure

betamethasone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild skin irritation

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

Petrolatum:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Paraffin oil:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated:

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

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Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

betamethasone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

## Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Petrolatum:

Test Type : Buehler Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

Test Type : Maximisation Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Assessment : Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitisation

rate in humans

betamethasone:

Exposure routes : Dermal Species : Guinea pig Result : Weak sensitizer

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

Petrolatum:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

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Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

betamethasone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Result: equivocal

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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**Components:** 

Petrolatum:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Skin contact

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

betamethasone:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Intramuscular

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg body weight Result: Fetotoxicity, Malformations were observed.

Species: Rat

Application Route: Subcutaneous

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.42 mg/kg body weight

Result: Malformations were observed.

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intramuscular

Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight

Result: Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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### **Components:**

## 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

### STOT - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Components:**

#### betamethasone:

Target Organs : Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood,

Adrenal gland

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Components:**

### Petrolatum:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 5,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 yr

### Paraffin oil:

Species : Rat, female LOAEL : 161 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

### 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 200 mg/kg
LOAEL : 400 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days

# betamethasone:

Species : Rabbit
LOAEL : 0.05 %
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 10 - 30 d

Target Organs : Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle

Species : Rat LOAEL : 0.05 %

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Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 8 Weeks
Target Organs : thymus gland

Species : Mouse
LOAEL : 0.1 %
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 8 Weeks
Target Organs : thymus gland

Species : Dog

LOAEL : 0.05 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 28 d

Target Organs : Blood, thymus gland, Adrenal gland

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

#### Paraffin oil:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

### **Experience with human exposure**

### **Components:**

### betamethasone:

Inhalation : Target Organs: Adrenal gland

Skin contact : Symptoms: Redness, pruritis, Irritation

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

### **Components:**

### Petrolatum:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOEL (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >=

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Paraffin oil:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Scophthalmus maximus (turbot)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Acartia tonsa (Calanoid copepod)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOELR (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 :> 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50: > 1 - 10 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50: > 10 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 917 μg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Chlorella pyrenoidosa (algae)): 15 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Chlorella pyrenoidosa (algae)): 2.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

ty)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.32 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 22.86 mg/l

Exposure time: 60 h

betamethasone:

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Americamysis): > 50 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 34

mq/l

1

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 34

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.052 mg/l

Exposure time: 32 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.07 µg/l

Exposure time: 219 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 229

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 8 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic : 1,000

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toxicity)

Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

Petrolatum:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 31 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: > 99 % Exposure time: 19 d

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 78 % Exposure time: 15 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

**Components:** 

Paraffin oil:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: > 4

octanol/water Remarks: Calculation

4-Chloro-3-methylphenol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 5.5 - 13

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 0.477

betamethasone:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: 2.11

octanol/water

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



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#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(betamethasone)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(betamethasone)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 964

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

964

(betamethasone)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **National Regulations**

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



### **Betamethasone Cream Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2023/09/30 2024/04/06 1841214-00017 Date of first issue: 2017/07/19 6.3

GB 6944/12268

UN number UN 3082

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(betamethasone)

Class 9 Ш Packing group Labels 9 Marine pollutant no

### Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **National regulatory information**

### Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

#### **Regulation on the Administration of Precursor Chemicals**

Catalogue and Classification of Precursor Chemicals : Not listed

### **Yangtze River Protection Law**

This product does not contain any dangerous chemicals prohibited for inland river transport.

### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS not determined

DSL not determined

**IECSC** not determined

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

2024/04/06 **Revision Date** 

**Further information** 

Sources of key data used to

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

**ACGIH** : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA 8-hour, time-weighted average

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD

eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519



### **Betamethasone Cream Formulation**

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 2023/09/30 6.3 2024/04/06 1841214-00017 Date of first issue: 2017/07/19

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals: ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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